



العلاقة بين أساليب حل الصراعات الزوجية والعنف ضد الأطفال في محافظة الكرك

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إشراف
الأستاذ الدكتور ذياب البداينة

رسالة مقدمة إلى عمادة الدراسات العليا
استكمالاً لمتطلبات الحصول على درجة
الماجستير في علم الجريمة قسم علم الاجتماع

جامعة مؤتة، 2005

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الملخص باللغة العربية ح

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هدفت هذه الدراسة كشف العلاقة بين الصراعات الزوجية والعنف ضد الأطفال في محافظة الكرك، و بيان أشكال الإساءة (الجسدية والنفسية والجنسية والإهمال) التي تعرض لها الأطفال في محافظة الكرك. وتحديد الجناة في العنف ضد الأطفال لدى الأسر المعنفة في محافظة الكرك. كما هدفت لكشف العلاقة بين أساليب حل الصراعات الزوجية والعنف ضد الأطفال في محافظة الكرك، وبيان العلاقة في أساليب حل الصراعات الزوجية بين الزوج والزوجة (من وجهة نظر الزوجة).

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Abstract

The Relationship Between Marital Conflicts Tactics and Violence Against Children in Al-Karak City

Nesreen Mahmood Al-Karaki

Mu'tah University, 2005

This study aims at exploring the relationship between each of the following variables: marital conflicts, mother-exposure to violence, mother-witnessing violence during childhood, social demographic variables, and all types of violence against children in Al-Karak city. Also it aims at describing the major types of child abuse in Al-karak governorate. And to determine perpetrators in child abuse crimes.

A sample consisted of (57) cases was taken as official child abuse cases. A special questionnaire was developed as a research tool for this study, which was composed of demographic variables, violence against child scale, and Marital conflict scale. In addition to some other relevant variables such as child exposure to violence and child witnessing violence during childhood.

Findings of the present study showed most of the subjects were exposed to violence; witnessing violence during childhood, and experiencing violence in last (12) months. A significant relationship was found between exposure to violence; witnessing violence during childhood, and experiencing violence in

last (12) month. A significant relationship was found between marital conflict tactics and violence against children>

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42	.000	.824**
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